# metatropic dysplasia

Metatropic dysplasia is a skeletal disorder characterized by short stature (dwarfism) with other skeletal abnormalities. The term "metatropic" is derived from the Greek word "metatropos," which means "changing patterns." This name reflects the fact that the skeletal abnormalities associated with the condition change over time.

Affected infants are born with a narrow chest and unusually short arms and legs with dumbbell-shaped long bones. Beginning in early childhood, people with this condition develop abnormal side-to-side and front-to-back curvature of the spine (scoliosis and kyphosis, often called kyphoscoliosis when they occur together). The curvature worsens with time and tends to be resistant to treatment. Because of the severe kyphoscoliosis, affected individuals may ultimately have a very short torso in relation to the length of their arms and legs.

Some people with metatropic dysplasia are born with an elongated tailbone known as a coccygeal tail; it is made of a tough but flexible tissue called cartilage. The coccygeal tail usually shrinks over time. Other skeletal problems associated with metatropic dysplasia include flattened bones of the spine (platyspondyly); excessive movement of spinal bones in the neck that can damage the spinal cord; either a sunken chest (pectus excavatum) or a protruding chest (pectus carinatum); and joint deformities called contractures that restrict the movement of joints in the shoulders, elbows, hips, and knees. Beginning early in life, affected individuals can also develop a degenerative form of arthritis that causes joint pain and further restricts movement.

The signs and symptoms of metatropic dysplasia can vary from relatively mild to life-threatening. In the most severe cases, the narrow chest and spinal abnormalities prevent the lungs from expanding fully, which restricts breathing. Researchers formerly recognized several distinct forms of metatropic dysplasia based on the severity of the condition's features. The forms included a mild type, a classic type, and a lethal type. However, all of these forms are now considered to be part of a single condition with a spectrum of overlapping signs and symptoms.

# **Frequency**

Metatropic dysplasia is a rare disease; its exact prevalence is unknown. More than 80 affected individuals have been reported in the scientific literature.

# **Genetic Changes**

Metatropic dysplasia is caused by mutations in the *TRPV4* gene, which provides instructions for making a protein that acts as a calcium channel. The TRPV4 channel transports positively charged calcium atoms (calcium ions) across cell membranes

and into cells. The channel is found in many types of cells, but little is known about its function. Studies suggest that it plays a role in the normal development of cartilage and bone. This role would help explain why *TRPV4* gene mutations cause the skeletal abnormalities characteristic of metatropic dysplasia. Mutations in the *TRPV4* gene appear to overactivate the channel, increasing the flow of calcium ions into cells. However, it remains unclear how changes in the activity of the calcium channel lead to the specific features of the condition.

#### Inheritance Pattern

Metatropic dysplasia is considered an autosomal dominant disorder because one mutated copy of the *TRPV4* gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the condition. Most cases of metatropic dysplasia are caused by new mutations in the gene and occur in people with no history of the disorder in their family. In a few reported cases, an affected person has inherited the condition from an affected parent.

In the past, it was thought that the lethal type of metatropic dysplasia had an autosomal recessive pattern of inheritance, in which both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. However, more recent research has confirmed that all metatropic dysplasia has an autosomal dominant pattern of inheritance.

#### Other Names for This Condition

- metatropic dwarfism
- metatropic dysplasia type 1

# **Diagnosis & Management**

### **Genetic Testing**

 Genetic Testing Registry: Metatrophic dysplasia https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C0265281/

# Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

 GeneReview: TRPV4-Associated Disorders https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK201366

### General Information from MedlinePlus

- Diagnostic Tests https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html
- Drug Therapy https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html
- Genetic Counseling https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html

- Palliative Care https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html
- Surgery and Rehabilitation https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html

#### **Additional Information & Resources**

#### MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Kyphosis https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001240.htm
- Encyclopedia: Scoliosis https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001241.htm
- Health Topic: Dwarfism https://medlineplus.gov/dwarfism.html

### Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

 Metatropic dysplasia https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/3571/metatropic-dysplasia

### **Educational Resources**

- Disease InfoSearch: Metatrophic dysplasia
   http://www.diseaseinfosearch.org/Metatrophic+dysplasia/8861
- MalaCards: metatropic dysplasia http://www.malacards.org/card/metatropic\_dysplasia
- Nemours Children's Health System https://www.nemours.org/service/medical/skeletal-dysplasia/metatropic.html? tab=about
- Orphanet: Metatropic dysplasia http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC\_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=2635

# Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- International Skeletal Dysplasia Registry, UCLA http://ortho.ucla.edu/isdr
- Little People of America http://www.lpaonline.org/
- National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD)
   https://rarediseases.org/rare-diseases/metatropic-dysplasia-i/
- Resource list from the University of Kansas Medical Center http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/dwarfism.html

#### **GeneReviews**

 TRPV4-Associated Disorders https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK201366

# ClinicalTrials.gov

 ClinicalTrials.gov https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22metatropic+dysplasia%22+OR+ %22Dwarfism%22

#### Scientific Articles on PubMed

PubMed

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28metatropic+dysplasia%5 BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28metatropic+dwarfism%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+AND+en glish%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22%5Bdp %5D

### **OMIM**

 METATROPIC DYSPLASIA http://omim.org/entry/156530

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